

MASON'S

OK SAUCE
THE COLD MEAT SPECIALITY

Hongkong Daily Press

RETRENCHMENT

It is sometimes necessary in domestic or business life, BUT NEVER RETRENCH where your eyes are concerned. Money is never better spent than on the eyes. Take care of your eyes.

ATTENTION!

N. LAZARUS
OPTICIAN
10, Queen's Road Central, HONGKONG.

No. 19,432. 號二第百四十九九一第 日八廿月七年申庚 HONGKONG, FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 10, 1930. 五拜禮 號十月九年九國民華中 Page 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 129, 130, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 138, 139, 140, 141, 142, 143, 144, 145, 146, 147, 148, 149, 150, 151, 152, 153, 154, 155, 156, 157, 158, 159, 160, 161, 162, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 170, 171, 172, 173, 174, 175, 176, 177, 178, 179, 180, 181, 182, 183, 184, 185, 186, 187, 188, 189, 190, 191, 192, 193, 194, 195, 196, 197, 198, 199, 200, 201, 202, 203, 204, 205, 206, 207, 208, 209, 210, 211, 212, 213, 214, 215, 216, 217, 218, 219, 220, 221, 222, 223, 224, 225, 226, 227, 228, 229, 230, 231, 232, 233, 234, 235, 236, 237, 238, 239, 240, 241, 242, 243, 244, 245, 246, 247, 248, 249, 250, 251, 252, 253, 254, 255, 256, 257, 258, 259, 260, 261, 262, 263, 264, 265, 266, 267, 268, 269, 270, 271, 272, 273, 274, 275, 276, 277, 278, 279, 280, 281, 282, 283, 284, 285, 286, 287, 288, 289, 290, 291, 292, 293, 294, 295, 296, 297, 298, 299, 300, 301, 302, 303, 304, 305, 306, 307, 308, 309, 310, 311, 312, 313, 314, 315, 316, 317, 318, 319, 320, 321, 322, 323, 324, 325, 326, 327, 328, 329, 330, 331, 332, 333, 334, 335, 336, 337, 338, 339, 340, 341, 342, 343, 344, 345, 346, 347, 348, 349, 350, 351, 352, 353, 354, 355, 356, 357, 358, 359, 360, 361, 362, 363, 364, 365, 366, 367, 368, 369, 370, 371, 372, 373, 374, 375, 376, 377, 378, 379, 380, 381, 382, 383, 384, 385, 386, 387, 388, 389, 390, 391, 392, 393, 394, 395, 396, 397, 398, 399, 400, 401, 402, 403, 404, 405, 406, 407, 408, 409, 410, 411, 412, 413, 414, 415, 416, 417, 418, 419, 420, 421, 422, 423, 424, 425, 426, 427, 428, 429, 430, 431, 432, 433, 434, 435, 436, 437, 438, 439, 440, 441, 442, 443, 444, 445, 446, 447, 448, 449, 450, 451, 452, 453, 454, 455, 456, 457, 458, 459, 460, 461, 462, 463, 464, 465, 466, 467, 468, 469, 470, 471, 472, 473, 474, 475, 476, 477, 478, 479, 480, 481, 482, 483, 484, 485, 486, 487, 488, 489, 490, 491, 492, 493, 494, 495, 496, 497, 498, 499, 500, 501, 502, 503, 504, 505, 506, 507, 508, 509, 510, 511, 512, 513, 514, 515, 516, 517, 518, 519, 520, 521, 522, 523, 524, 525, 526, 527, 528, 529, 530, 531, 532, 533, 534, 535, 536, 537, 538, 539, 540, 541, 542, 543, 544, 545, 546, 547, 548, 549, 550, 551, 552, 553, 554, 555, 556, 557, 558, 559, 560, 561, 562, 563, 564, 565, 566, 567, 568, 569, 570, 571, 572, 573, 574, 575, 576, 577, 578, 579, 580, 581, 582, 583, 584, 585, 586, 587, 588, 589, 590, 591, 592, 593, 594, 595, 596, 597, 598, 599, 600, 601, 602, 603, 604, 605, 606, 607, 608, 609, 610, 611, 612, 613, 614, 615, 616, 617, 618, 619, 620, 621, 622, 623, 624, 625, 626, 627, 628, 629, 630, 631, 632, 633, 634, 635, 636, 637, 638, 639, 640, 641, 642, 643, 644, 645, 646, 647, 648, 649, 650, 651, 652, 653, 654, 655, 656, 657, 658, 659, 660, 661, 662, 663, 664, 665, 666, 667, 668, 669, 670, 671, 672, 673, 674, 675, 676, 677, 678, 679, 680, 681, 682, 683, 684, 685, 686, 687, 688, 689, 690, 691, 692, 693, 694, 695, 696, 697, 698, 699, 700, 701, 702, 703, 704, 705, 706, 707, 708, 709, 710, 711, 712, 713, 714, 715, 716, 717, 718, 719, 720, 721, 722, 723, 724, 725, 726, 727, 728, 729, 730, 731, 732, 733, 734, 735, 736, 737, 738, 739, 740, 741, 742, 743, 744, 745, 746, 747, 748, 749, 750, 751, 752, 753, 754, 755, 756, 757, 758, 759, 760, 761, 762, 763, 764, 765, 766, 767, 768, 769, 770, 771, 772, 773, 774, 775, 776, 777, 778, 779, 780, 781, 782, 783, 784, 785, 786, 787, 788, 789, 790, 791, 792, 793, 794, 795, 796, 797, 798, 799, 800, 801, 802, 803, 804, 805, 806, 807, 808, 809, 810, 811, 812, 813, 814, 815, 816, 817, 818, 819, 820, 821, 822, 823, 824, 825, 826, 827, 828, 829, 830, 831, 832, 833, 834, 835, 836, 837, 838, 839, 840, 841, 842, 843, 844, 845, 846, 847, 848, 849, 850, 851, 852, 853, 854, 855, 856, 857, 858, 859, 860, 861, 862, 863, 864, 865, 866, 867, 868, 869, 870, 871, 872, 873, 874, 875, 876, 877, 878, 879, 880, 881, 882, 883, 884, 885, 886, 887, 888, 889, 890, 891, 892, 893, 894, 895, 896, 897, 898, 899, 900, 901, 902, 903, 904, 905, 906, 907, 908, 909, 910, 911, 912, 913, 914, 915, 916, 917, 918, 919, 920, 921, 922, 923, 924, 925, 926, 927, 928, 929, 930, 931, 932, 933, 934, 935, 936, 937, 938, 939, 940, 941, 942, 943, 944, 945, 946, 947, 948, 949, 950, 951, 952, 953, 954, 955, 956, 957, 958, 959, 960, 961, 962, 963, 964, 965, 966, 967, 968, 969, 970, 971, 972, 973, 974, 975, 976, 977, 978, 979, 980, 981, 982, 983, 984, 985, 986, 987, 988, 989, 990, 991, 992, 993, 994, 995, 996, 997, 998, 999, 1000.

INTIMATIONS

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CALDBECK, MACGREGOR & CO. LTD.

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A large consignment of **LEY'S** SPORTING CARTRIDGES, 12, 16, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 45, 50, 55, 60, 65, 70, 75, 80, 85, 90, 95, 100, 110, 120, 130, 140, 150, 160, 170, 180, 190, 200, 210, 220, 230, 240, 250, 260, 270, 280, 290, 300, 310, 320, 330, 340, 350, 360, 370, 380, 390, 400, 410, 420, 430, 440, 450, 460, 470, 480, 490, 500, 510, 520, 530, 540, 550, 560, 570, 580, 590, 600, 610, 620, 630, 640, 650, 660, 670, 680, 690, 700, 710, 720, 730, 740, 750, 760, 770, 780, 790, 800, 810, 820, 830, 840, 850, 860, 870, 880, 890, 900, 910, 920, 930, 940, 950, 960, 970, 980, 990, 1000.

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FURNITURE AND PHOTO GOODS

GLASS, ENAMELS, STONE, MARBLE AND MIRROR WORK.

CASING MARBLE IN VARIOUS SHAPES.

Photographic Goods of Every Description at Stock.

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PEAK TRAMWAY CO. LIMITED

TIME TABLE

WEEK DATES

7:00 a.m. to 8:00 a.m. every 15 minutes

8:00 " " " " " " " "

9:00 " " " " " " " "

10:00 " " " " " " " "

11:00 " " " " " " " "

12:00 noon " " " " " " " "

1:00 p.m. " " " " " " " "

2:00 p.m. " " " " " " " "

3:00 " " " " " " " "

4:00 " " " " " " " "

5:00 " " " " " " " "

WEEKENDS

7:30 a.m. " " " " " " " "

8:00 a.m. to 10:30 a.m. every 15 minutes

10:30 " " " " " " " "

11:30 " " " " " " " "

12:00 noon " " " " " " " "

1:00 p.m. " " " " " " " "

2:00 p.m. " " " " " " " "

3:00 " " " " " " " "

4:00 " " " " " " " "

5:00 " " " " " " " "

Special Cars

As on Week Days.

SPECIAL CARS by arrangement at the Company's Office, Alexandra Building, Des Voeux Road.

Season and month tickets available for all years, not already full, run at the rates stated in the Company's Tables, but not for special cars can be obtained on application at the Company's Office. No Season ticket will be issued until payment therefor has been made in Bank Notes or by Cheque or Comprovises Order representing Bank Notes.

KOWLOON-CANTON RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE.

On and after THURSDAY, APRIL 22nd, 1920, until further Notice.
(All previous Time Tables cancelled.)

DOWN TRAINS.

Stations	No. 1 Local	No. 2 Through	No. 3 Local	No. 4 Through	No. 5 Local	No. 6 Through	No. 7 Local	No. 8 Through	No. 9 Local	No. 10 Through
CANTON (Chai Sha Tsai) Dep.	7:00	7:15	7:30	7:45	8:00	8:15	8:30	8:45	9:00	9:15
Yuen Long	7:10	7:25	7:40	7:55	8:10	8:25	8:40	8:55	9:10	9:25
Yuen Long	7:20	7:35	7:50	8:05	8:20	8:35	8:50	9:05	9:20	9:35
Yuen Long	7:30	7:45	8:00	8:15	8:30	8:45	9:00	9:15	9:30	9:45
Yuen Long	7:40	7:55	8:10	8:25	8:40	8:55	9:10	9:25	9:40	9:55
Yuen Long	7:50	8:05	8:20	8:35	8:50	9:05	9:20	9:35	9:50	10:05
Yuen Long	8:00	8:15	8:30	8:45	9:00	9:15	9:30	9:45	10:00	10:15
Yuen Long	8:10	8:25	8:40	8:55	9:10	9:25	9:40	9:55	10:10	10:25
Yuen Long	8:20	8:35	8:50	9:05	9:20	9:35	9:50	10:05	10:20	10:35
Yuen Long	8:30	8:45	9:00	9:15	9:30	9:45	10:00	10:15	10:30	10:45
Yuen Long	8:40	8:55	9:10	9:25	9:40	9:55	10:10	10:25	10:40	10:55
Yuen Long	8:50	9:05	9:20	9:35	9:50	10:05	10:20	10:35	10:50	11:05
Yuen Long	9:00	9:15	9:30	9:45	10:00	10:15	10:30	10:45	11:00	11:15
Yuen Long	9:10	9:25	9:40	9:55	10:10	10:25	10:40	10:55	11:10	11:25
Yuen Long	9:20	9:35	9:50	10:05	10:20	10:35	10:50	11:05	11:20	11:35
Yuen Long	9:30	9:45	10:00	10:15	10:30	10:45	11:00	11:15	11:30	11:45
Yuen Long	9:40	9:55	10:10	10:25	10:40	10:55	11:10	11:25	11:40	11:55
Yuen Long	9:50	10:05	10:20	10:35	10:50	11:05	11:20	11:35	11:50	12:05
Yuen Long	10:00	10:15	10:30	10:45	11:00	11:15	11:30	11:45	12:00	12:15
Yuen Long	10:10	10:25	10:40	10:55	11:10	11:25	11:40	11:55	12:10	12:25
Yuen Long	10:20	10:35	10:50	11:05	11:20	11:35	11:50	12:05	12:20	12:35
Yuen Long	10:30	10:45	11:00	11:15	11:30	11:45	12:00	12:15	12:30	12:45
Yuen Long	10:40	10:55	11:10	11:25	11:40	11:55	12:10	12:25	12:40	12:55
Yuen Long	10:50	11:05	11:20	11:35	11:50	12:05	12:20	12:35	12:50	1:05
Yuen Long	11:00	11:15	11:30	11:45	12:00	12:15	12:30	12:45	1:00	1:15
Yuen Long	11:10	11:25	11:40	11:55	12:10	12:25	12:40	12:55	1:10	1:25
Yuen Long	11:20	11:35	11:50	12:05	12:20	12:35	12:50	1:05	1:20	1:35
Yuen Long	11:30	11:45	12:00	12:15	12:30	12:45	1:00	1:15	1:30	1:45
Yuen Long	11:40	11:55	12:10	12:25	12:40	12:55	1:10	1:25	1:40	1:55
Yuen Long	11:50	12:05	12:20	12:35	12:50	1:05	1:20	1:35	1:50	2:05
Yuen Long	12:00	12:15	12:30	12:45	1:00	1:15	1:30	1:45	2:00	2:15
Yuen Long	12:10	12:25	12:40	12:55	1:10	1:25	1:40	1:55	2:10	2:25
Yuen Long	12:20	12:35	12:50	1:05	1:20	1:35	1:50	2:05	2:20	2:35
Yuen Long	12:30	12:45	1:00	1:15	1:30	1:45	2:00	2:15	2:30	2:45
Yuen Long	12:40	12:55	1:10	1:25	1:40	1:55	2:10	2:25	2:40	2:55
Yuen Long	12:50	1:05	1:20	1:35	1:50	2:05	2:20	2:35	2:50	3:05
Yuen Long	1:00	1:15	1:30	1:45	2:00	2:15	2:30	2:45	3:00	3:15
Yuen Long	1:10	1:25	1:40	1:55	2:10	2:25	2:40	2:55	3:10	3:25
Yuen Long	1:20	1:35	1:50	2:05	2:20	2:35	2:50	3:05	3:20	3:35
Yuen Long	1:30	1:45	2:00	2:15	2:30	2:45	3:00	3:15	3:30	3:45
Yuen Long	1:40	1:55	2:10	2:25	2:40	2:55	3:10	3:25	3:40	3:55
Yuen Long	1:50	2:05	2:20	2:35	2:50	3:05	3:20	3:35	3:50	4:05
Yuen Long	2:00	2:15	2:30	2:45	3:00	3:15	3:30	3:45	4:00	4:15
Yuen Long	2:10	2:25	2:40	2:55	3:10	3:25	3:40	3:55	4:10	4:25
Yuen Long	2:20	2:35	2:50	3:05	3:20	3:35	3:50	4:05	4:20	4:35
Yuen Long	2:30	2:45	3:00	3:15	3:30	3:45	4:00	4:15	4:30	4:45
Yuen Long	2:40	2:55	3:10	3:25	3:40	3:55	4:10	4:25	4:40	4:55
Yuen Long	2:50	3:05	3:20	3:35	3:50	4:05	4:20	4:35	4:50	5:05
Yuen Long	3:00	3:15	3:30	3:45	4:00	4:15	4:30	4:45	5:00	5:15
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Yuen Long	3:20	3:35	3:50	4:05	4:20	4:35	4:50	5:05	5:20	5:35
Yuen Long	3:30	3:45	4:00	4:15	4:30	4:45	5:00	5:15	5:30	5:45
Yuen Long	3:40	3:55	4:10	4:25	4:40	4:55	5:10	5:25	5:40	5:55
Yuen Long	3:50	4:05	4:20	4:35	4:50	5:05	5:20	5:35	5:50	6:05
Yuen Long	4:00	4:15	4:30	4:45	5:00	5:15	5:30	5:45	6:00	6:15
Yuen Long	4:10	4:25	4:40	4:55	5:10	5:25	5:40	5:55	6:10	6:25
Yuen Long	4:20	4:35	4:50	5:05	5:20	5:35	5:50	6:05	6:20	6:35
Yuen Long	4:30	4:45	5:00	5:15	5:30	5:45	6:00	6:15	6:30	6:45
Yuen Long	4:40	4:55	5:10	5:25	5:40	5:55	6:10	6:25	6:40	6:55
Yuen Long	4:50	5:05	5:20	5:35	5:50	6:05	6:20	6:35	6:50	7:05
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Yuen Long	5:20	5:35	5:50	6:05	6:20	6:35	6:50	7:05	7:20	7:35
Yuen Long	5:30	5:45	6:00	6:15	6:30	6:45	7:00	7:15	7:30	7:45
Yuen Long	5:40	5:55	6:10	6:25	6:40	6:55	7:10	7:25	7:40	7:55
Yuen Long	5:50	6:05	6:20	6:35	6:50	7:05	7:20	7:35	7:50	8:05
Yuen Long	6:00	6:15	6:30	6:45	7:00	7:15	7:30	7:45	8:00	8:15
Yuen Long	6:10	6:25	6:40	6:55	7:10	7:25	7:40	7:55	8:10	8:25
Yuen Long	6:20	6:35	6:50	7:05	7:20	7:35	7:50	8:05	8:20	8:35
Yuen Long	6:30	6:45	7:00	7:15	7:30	7:45	8:00	8:15	8:30	8:45
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Yuen Long	6:50	7:05	7:20	7:35	7:50	8:05	8:20	8:35	8:50	9:05
Yuen Long	7:00	7:15	7:30	7:45	8:00	8:15	8:30	8:45	9:00	9:15
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Yuen Long	7:30	7:45	8:00	8:15	8:30	8:45	9:00	9:15	9:30	9:45
Yuen Long	7:40	7:55	8:10	8:25	8:40	8:55	9:10	9:25	9:40	9:55
Yuen Long	7:50	8:05	8:20	8:35	8:50	9:05	9:20	9:35	9:50	10:05
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Yuen Long	8:20	8:35	8:50	9:05	9:20	9:35	9:50	10:05	10:20	10:35
Yuen Long	8:30	8:45	9:00	9:15	9:30	9:45	10:00	10:15	10:30	10:45
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Yuen Long	8:50	9:05	9:20	9:35	9:50	10:05	10:20	10:35	10:50	11:05
Yuen Long	9:00	9:15	9:30	9:45	10:00	10:15	10:30	10:45	11:00	11:15
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Yuen Long	9:20	9:35	9:50	10:05	10:20	10:35	10:50	11:05	11:20	11:35
Yuen Long	9:30	9:45	10:00	10:15	10:30	10:45	11:00	11:15	11:30	11:45
Yuen Long	9:40	9:55	10:10	10:25	10:40	10:55	11:10	11:25	11:40	11:55
Yuen Long	9:50	10:05	10:20	10:35	10:50	11:05	11:20	11:35	11:50	12:05
Yuen Long	10:00	10:15	10:30	10:45	11:00	11:15	11:30	11:45	12:00	12:15
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Yuen Long	11:00	11:15	11:30	11:45	12:00	12:15	12:30	12:45	1:00	1:15
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Yuen Long	11:20	11:35	11:50	12:05	12:20	12:35	12:50	1:05	1:20	1:35
Yuen Long	11:30	11:45	12:00	12:15	12:30	12:45	1:00	1:15	1:30	1:45
Yuen Long	11:40	11:55	12:10	12:25	12:40	12:55	1:10	1:25	1:40	1:55
Yuen Long	11:50	12:05	12:20	12:35	12:50	1:05	1:20	1:35	1:50	2:05
Yuen Long	12:00	12:15	12:30	12:45	1:00	1:15	1:30	1:45	2:00	2:15
Yuen Long	12:10	12:25	12:40	12:55	1:10	1:25	1:40	1:55	2:10	2:25
Yuen Long	12:20	12:35	12:50	1:05	1:20	1:35	1:50	2:05	2:20	2:35
Yuen Long	12:30	12:45	1:00	1:15	1:30	1:45	2:00	2:15	2:30	2:45
Yuen Long	12:40	12:55	1:10	1:25	1:40	1:55	2:10	2:25	2:40	2:55
Yuen Long	12:50	1:05	1:20	1:35	1:50	2:05	2:20	2:35	2:50	3:05
Yuen Long	1:00	1:15	1:30	1:45	2:00	2:15	2:30	2:45	3:00	3:15
Yuen Long	1:10	1:25	1:40	1:55	2:10	2:25	2:40	2:55	3:10	3:25
Yuen Long	1:20	1:35	1:50	2:05	2:20	2:35	2:50	3:05	3:20	3:35
Yuen Long	1:30	1:45	2:00	2:15	2:30	2:45	3:00	3:15	3:30	3:45
Yuen Long	1:40	1:55	2							

GANG OF SHOPLIFTERS. LAID BY THE HEEL.

A Chinese woman and two men stood charged yesterday before Mr. Smith, at the Magistracy, with (1) larceny of a roll of silk valued at \$40; the property of Messrs. Tyeb & Co., of D'Aguiar Street, on September 8th; (2) larceny of a pair of boots valued at \$12; the property of Messrs. Cherry & Co., of the same address; and (3) larceny of an over-ring set with diamonds valued at \$200; the property of Messrs. Sennet, Freres, (Well & Co.), of Queen's Road Central, on August 14th. Mr. A. E. Hall defended.

Inspector Blackman said that, at 5.30 yesterday morning, soon after the shop opened, the defendant and another man, who is not in custody, entered Messrs. Tyeb & Co.'s premises and asked to be shown some silk. While the woman and the other man were examining one roll of silk, the second and third defendants stole the roll of silk which formed the subject of the first charge. The other charges came to light after these two men's arrest.

An assistant of Messrs. Tyeb & Co. said that he was the only person in the shop at the time the defendants entered. He had a suspicion that they were not honest people, as it was unusual to have customers at that early hour of the morning. However, he attended to them, at the same time carefully watching their movements. He saw the second defendant take the roll of silk, produced, and pass it to the third defendant who put it under his coat. Witness immediately rushed out of the shop and detained the second and third defendants. The woman and the other man escaped.

Miss Mary, of Messrs. Cherry & Co., said that the pair of boots shown had been in the shop for a long time, and were missed soon after the first defendant and another man—not the second or the third defendant—visited the shop, she thought, on August 8th. Mr. Cherry first discovered the loss of the boots and spoke to her about it. Witness attended the first defendant and her companion when they visited the shop. They did not buy anything. The pair of boots, produced, was not sold.

Cross-examined by Mr. Hall witness said they kept a record as the shop of all articles sold. She was sure the boots were the property of the shop, because they had been there for a long time. The witness said both of that pattern. They have plain toes, and very few people like them. As a matter of fact, the pair in question was made to the order of Dr. Noble, and he did not take delivery of them, because they did not fit him.

Mr. Samuel Dunn, an assistant of Messrs. Sennet, Freres, said that, on August 13th, the first defendant and two men came to the shop and asked to be shown some bracelets. There were several in the show window, and witness showed one to them. After examining this, they said they did not like it, and asked to be shown another. They then asked for ear-rings and then for finger rings. After giving witness a lot of trouble, they bought two plain gold rings for \$5. Witness said something about the defendants' acts made him suspect that they were not honest people, and he turned remarking to his sister, Mrs. Wall, at the time they looked like thieves. He spoke to her in French, and she agreed with him that they looked suspicious. Immediately after paying for the rings, the defendants hurried out of the shop. This more than confirmed his suspicion, and he sent a servant after them, but the latter did not find them. That evening when witness took stock before closing the shop, he discovered that one of a pair of ear-rings he had shown to the defendants was missing. He made a report to the police of the following morning.

Detective Sergeant Dorrington said that after the second and third defendants' arrest in D'Aguiar Street, acting on information given to him by one of the defendants, he went to an address in Chinatown. It is a cubicle there, he found a pawn ticket relating to the boots and some clothing, inside a small box, and he went to the shop and returned the property. The boots were Messrs. Cherry's stamp on them. Witness made enquiries at the shop, and learned that the boots had been stolen. Later, acting on information received from an Indian constable, witness again visited the house and arrested the first defendant.

Inspector Blackman said that at an identification parade held yesterday, all the three complainants identified the first defendant as the woman who had visited their shops.

The Inspector then put in the first defendant's statement, in which she stated that the ear-ring was given to her by her sweetheart, (the third defendant). She did not know anything about the silk and the boots. She further stated that she was brought to Hongkong by the third defendant.

Mr. Hall, addressing the Magistrate, said that there was no evidence to convict the first defendant, and asked for her discharge. Counsel said that there were several flaws in the case, the principal of which was in the charge laid by Messrs. Sennet, Freres. He said that Mr. Dunn had told the Court that both he and Mrs. Wall inspected that the defendants were not honest people as soon as they entered the shop. Counsel submitted that, being suspicious, they would undoubtedly have kept a sharp watch over the woman and her companions, and yet neither of them saw them take the earrings, which were now shown to the Court.

The Magistrate said that the evidence was not sufficient to convict the first defendant, and passed sentence of six months' hard labour each.

RECREATION GROUND SCENE. ARREST BY CHINESE DETECTIVE.

Inspector Willis, of No. 7 Police Station, charged a Chinese yesterday before Mr. Hutchison, at the Magistracy, with being a rogue and a vagabond.

The Chinese detectives who arrested the defendant said that he was on plain clothes duty in Tatani (Chinese Recreation Ground) at 12.45 p.m. on Wednesday, when his attention was attracted to a crowd which had gathered. Thinking a fight was going on, he worked his way through the crowd, and saw the defendant in the custody of a well-dressed Chinese. Witness enquired what the trouble was about, and the man alleged that the defendant had put his hand in his pocket. Witness enquired if the defendant had extracted anything, and the man said he did not, as he was too quick for the defendant and sought him in the act. Witness questioned the defendant, and he denied that he had put his hand in the complainant's pocket. He merely looked into his pocket, and the complainant caught him. The defendant said that he worked as a coolie. Witness examined his hands, and found that they were very smooth. He further questioned the defendant, and this time he said he was a fook of a well-known Chinese firm. When witness announced that he would take the defendant to the shop to make enquiries, he gave up his deception, and told witness that he was unemployed. Witness asked the complainant to accompany him to the station and charge the defendant, but he refused, saying that he was a busy man, and did not desire to waste his time in prosecuting the defendant. The complainant gave the defendant a couple of slaps on his face, and then walked away. Witness took the defendant to the station and charged him with being a rogue and a vagabond.

The defendant said that he was leaving a tea-house soon after noon yesterday, when he was stopped by the detective, who made him take off his coat, and after examining him, asked him if he had been in jail before. He replied truthfully that he had been in for six weeks, whereupon, without another word, the detective took him in custody. On the way to the station, he accused witness of theft, and witness denied the charge. At the station, the detective charged him with being a rogue and a vagabond.

Magistrate: What work do you do?—I used to work in a Japanese firm.

What do you do now?—Since leaving jail, I have not succeeded in finding permanent work, but I do odd jobs, sometimes as a paint scraper.

The Magistrate reserved his decision.

HAWKING WITHOUT LICENCE. TWO GIRLS CONVICTED.

Yesterday Sergeant McFall charged a Chinese girl before Mr. Hutchison, at the Magistracy, with hawking vegetables in Stone Nullah Lane on Wednesday without a licence. The girl admitted the offence, and said she had no money to take out a licence.

The Sergeant said that the defendant was out on bail of \$5.

The Magistrate imposed a fine of \$3, or in the alternative five days' imprisonment. Another girl was charged with a similar offence in the same locality. She said that it was the first time she had been out to hawk. She too did not have money to take out a licence.

Magistrate: Then you must not hawk \$3 or five days.

COOLIES' QUARREL. RESULTS IN DEATH OF ONE.

The body of a male Chinese, aged 48 years, was removed on Wednesday to the public mortuary at Kowloon. The deceased was an earth cooler employed in demolishing an old building at the Kowloon Dock, was alleged to have had a quarrel with another cooler, who was alleged to have assaulted him with an earthenware pitcher and caused his death. When the body was medically examined, however, no trace of violence was discovered. Death was supposed to have been caused by heart failure. The alleged assailant has been arrested, and is now in police custody.

TWO FIRES. SMALL DAMAGE TO PROPERTY.

A fire broke out on the 1st floor of No. 112, Second Street, West Point, at 9 p.m. on Wednesday. The premises are occupied by the Hung Yik firm of box-makers. It appears that some foks of the shop were drying boxes over a charcoal fire and suddenly four of the boxes blazed up. An alarm was at once given, and the police, who were promptly on the scene, managed to bring the fire under control. The fire originated in the flames of the charcoal fire, but on arrival found that their services were not required. Damage to the contents of the shop was about \$100. The premises were insured for the sum of \$1,000.

Another small fire broke out at No. 28, Argyle Street, Yau-mai, on Wednesday. In this case, damage was done to property to the extent of \$400. The police extinguished the flames. The premises are occupied by the Lan On Insurance Company for \$11,500.

SPORT. TENNIS.

GARRISON TENNIS LEAGUE. N. CO. R.G.A. & R.A.M.C. "A" TEAM.

The games in this league are considerably behind owing to unfavourable weather, but in spite of a heavy shower in the early part of the afternoon this game was played on the R.A.M.C. Court at Bowed Road on Wednesday. Some very good games were played, the scores being hardly a fair indication of the play, as many of the games were only won by the Artillery men after a long succession of deuces. Scores:—

Lieut.-Col. Loring and Captain Davies beat Cpl. Stone and Savage, 6-3; beat St. Sgt. Jane and Sgt. Hollands, 8-0; beat Serg.-Major Thompson and Sgt. Woolman, 8-1.

Major Hinkling and St. Sgt. Davis beat Cpl. Stone and Savage, 5-4; beat St. Sgt. Jane and Sgt. Hollands, 8-1; beat S. M. Thompson and Sgt. Woolman, 6-3.

Co. Sgt.-Major Pragnell and L. Bombr. May beat Cpl. Stone and Savage, 7-2; lost to St. Sgt. Jane and Sgt. Hollands, 4-5; lost to S. M. Thompson and Sgt. Woolman, 4-5.

Total: 88 Co. R.G.A., 57 games; R.A.M.C., 24 games.

CRICKET TOPICS. [BY "NOT OUT"]

In my last week's notes I laid special stress on the importance of commencing practice if the Colony intends to secure premier honours in the forthcoming inter-practice cricket tournament, and I have been since cheered by the sight of at least one team having regular practice at the net. This team is the Indian Recreation Club team, which came third in last year's League, although inexperienced in League Cricket in the Colony. What struck me most about that particular team last season was the enthusiasm and spirit of comradeship which prevailed. Each individual member exerted himself to the utmost in playing the game for the honour of his side and for love of the game. That is the spirit that counts for much in the game.

Although the other clubs in the Colony have not seriously commenced practice, it is probable that we shall see some of them starting in earnest next week. I was pleased to read an announcement in the papers to the effect that the Hongkong Cricket Club commences practice on Monday. Although the Club, which was premier in cricket some years ago, did not live up to its reputation last season, there is good prospect of a really first-class team being put together for the coming season. From the number of young men who have come to the Colony during the past twelve months there has been a considerable increase in the membership of the Club and amongst the new members there must be many who have done well in cricket in other parts of the world, so that we may look for great achievements by the Hongkong Club during the coming season.

There has been some talk lately of the possibility of there being no cricket League this season, owing to the attitude of certain clubs, who have very much to do with the League, as they would have done in the past season. If this is correct it is to be deplored, for it would be the death of cricket in this Colony. It is a well-known fact that the Captains have in the past experienced considerable difficulty in getting together teams for friendly matches. General apathy was shown by cricketers towards playing in friendly games, and excuses were always forthcoming. But the suggestion of a League match immediately excited interest and enthusiasm, and many players, who were required usually to turn up for it to be hoped that the League will continue to be played in this Colony.

The Civil Service team seems to have the strongest combination on paper for many of their players have returned. I have been informed that all these players have expressed their intention of turning out, and if this promise is fulfilled we should have some extremely fine games.

The Chinese Club has secured the services of two fine players this season and are looking forward to the League contests this year with higher hopes. I understand that Sutherland, who played for the R.G.A. last year, will turn out for the Civil Service once more, and that Bradbury will play for Craigcower.

The University team do not seem to have any prospects of new blood being infused and unless they can do so, for one, on the opinion that the University had better not enter a team for the League, as they will find the standard of cricket this year beyond their reach. It will be preferable for the best members of the team to distribute themselves among other clubs and turn out as players of such standard of "ending" out a weak University team. Cricket at Shanghai and Singapore is in practically full swing and this Colony has a strenuous time before it if it is to participate in most representative teams from these two ports. Mr. Singapore turns up, I expect to find Edwards and Clark, who were in the team for both these old Hongkong players have been doing extremely well down there. The Shanghai team is expected to have a very strong team, and Mr. Edwards, an old player of the Colony.

SCOTTISH SPORT. SCOTLAND'S FINE WIN FROM IRELAND.

[FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.]

July 29th. The three days' international cricket match at Edinburgh proved a most exciting and thoroughly recovered from the blight of the past few years, the eleven got together by the Scottish Union to oppose the gentlemen of Scotland more than fulfilled expectations in gaining a victory by the wide margin of nine wickets.

The Scottish side were J. Kerr, J. W. Scobie, R. F. Bateson, J. Grieco, I. T. Parker, G. B. Crone, W. J. Intin, T. D. Watt, G. K. Chalmers, J. A. W. Kirk, and A. E. Sellar.

The batting of the home team was worthy of the occasion, but it was probably in the bowling department that they excelled and surprised most. Seven members of the team had a turn with the ball, and six were successful in getting wickets.

The leading Scottish bowlers were Grieco, 33 and 26; Bateson, 25; and J. Kerr, 23, not out; and Sellar took five wickets for 22 runs.

Scotland's prospects of annexing the Scottish Counties Championship were further enhanced by Blackmann's County's failure to do more than draw with Perthshire.

The list of the Scottish Public School Championship games ended in Edinburgh Academy decisively defeating Merchiston Castle School; but the result has no bearing on the title, which has already been secured by Loretto, the best all-round school team of the year.

The Edinburgh Indian students are having a good year, against clubs of their own standing.

INTERNATIONAL MATCH.

Gentlemen of Scotland, 218 and 137 for 3; Gentlemen of Ireland, 142 and 211. Fifties, 81; Perthshire, 147 for 5. Blackmann, 213 for 3; Perthshire, 133 for 4.

SCOTTISH MOUNTAIN CHAMPIONSHIP.

Edinburgh Academy, 84 and 249 for 7; Merchiston, 85 and 81.

CLUB MATCHES.

Merchistonians, 83; Edinburgh Academicians, 73. Uddingston, 100, Ayr, 48. Heriotians, 149 for 4; Hawick, 118. Forthwarr, 126; Arbroath, 90.

West of Scotland representative XI, 105 and 137 for 3; South of Scotland XI, 157 and 152.

Merchiston Castle School, 73 and 88; Merchistonians, 119 and 77 for 2.

LADIES' TENNIS.

In the Scottish Ladies' Tennis Championships at Loretto, Edinburgh, Miss M. M. Ferguson (Edinburgh) did not defend her title, in the ladies' singles, doubles, and mixed doubles; all the others defended, but none save Mrs. Herriot came through. The final of the ladies' championship was more easily than was expected to Miss Thos. Kirkcaldy, who has a fine range of scoring shots. Mrs. Welsh did not get proper length and found the net frequently, though when she got up to the net and took to collecting in many exciting rallies, she exhibited glimpses of her best qualities. C. R. Blackboard, South Africa, the winner of the gentlemen's single championship, resumed many of C. P. Dixon's contest shots. Dixon presented many points to his rival in the first set, but came into the game later. A. W. MacPherson, Surrey, and Blackboard were a better-balanced pair than C. P. Dixon and J. G. Lock, the Border champion, and so won the doubles championship. Closer co-operation and a better understanding, due to long practice together, turned the scale in favour of these clever sisters. Mrs. Herriot and Mrs. Hindlestone, as against Mrs. Robin Welsh and Miss Thom. Mrs. Herriot, who has been Scottish Champion in single and doubles, put a lot of vim into her work at the net.

SOLILOQUY. THE ELUSIVE BACHELOR.

[BY A CORRESPONDENT IN THE "H. O. DAILY NEWS"]

(With apologies to Immortal Shakespeare.) To pop, or not to pop; that is the question.

Whether 'tis wiser for a man to suffer in single blessedness the robe of fortune, Or not some pretty girl to his wife, And by proposing and them? To woo, to wed.

No more, and in a form, to say he's free From all the ills a bachelor, poor man, Is plagued with 'tis a consummation to Be most devoutly wished. To woo, to wed.

To wed! Perchance to rue; ay, there's the rub!

For in that marriage state what care may come

When he has taken to himself a wife, Must give him pause; there's the respect That makes calvary of so long life.

For who would bear the washer-woman's crime, The buttonless shirt, the sock all full of holes?

The collar with the saw-like edge, when he Might his quietus make with plain gold ring.

What would looking like a weak and great And smiling like a fool, and smiling like a fool.

Those looking-glass expenses from whose doom No Bachelor escapes, puzzles the will, And makes him rather keep those ills he has.

Than fly to others that he knows not of. So prudence makes a coward of a man, And so to us most desperate situations On this account so often add to strife.

And wouldst thou, apparently of gentle, Art better like the crust of apple pie, While ladies bring an action.

LANE, CRAWFORD AND COMPANY.

WE HAVE JUST RECEIVED
A NEW SUPPLY OF

JAEGER PURE WOOL

DRESSING GOWNS,
CARDIGANS,
WAISTCOATS,
SWEATERS,
SCARVES,
AND
GOLF HOSE

ALSO
TRAVELLING
RUGS
IN ALL SHADES
AND ALL PRICES.

PURE WOOL.

DOBBIE McINNES, Ltd.

Binnacles, Boat Compasses, Barometers and Barographs.
Chronometers, Clocks and Sextants.
Engine Indicators, Revolution Counters and Telegraphs.
Ships Logs, Sounding Machines and
B.O.T. Mercurial Barometers.

SOLE AGENTS:
LANE, CRAWFORD & CO.,
HONGKONG.

JUST RECEIVED

BROADWOOD PIANOS

Specially made for this climate.

The Anderson Music Co., Ltd.

Powell Ltd.

TELEPHONE 346

GENTLEMEN'S NECKWEAR

We hold a very large and varied selection for you to choose from

Distinctive
Quality

HIGH-CLASS OUTFITTERS.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

LADIES RIFLE CLUB.

THE FIRST MEETING of the Autumn Season will be held on **TUESDAY, OCTOBER 17th**, from 9 A.M. to 12 Noon and 2 P.M. to 4 P.M., at the Ladies Recreation Club, **DOROTHY DIGBY**, (for the Hon. Secretary), Hongkong, September 7th, 1920. [1456]

LADIES RECREATION CLUB.

THE Committee will be "At Home" to all Members on **SATURDAY, OCTOBER 17th**, at 3 P.M. to 5 P.M. at the Ladies Recreation Club, (Shaded Handicap) Tournament will be held. A member may enter with a non-member as partner or two members may enter together. The entrance fee for each couple will be \$3. Ladies must reach the Hon. Sec. or the No. 1 Boy at the Club House before 5 P.M., **SEPTEMBER 25th**. **DOROTHY DIGBY**, Hon. Secretary, Hongkong, September 7th, 1920. [1457]

TO LET.

FURNISHED HOUSE on Peak to be let for one month or six weeks from 23rd September. Apply—Box No. 1455, Care of "Daily Press" Office. [1458]

G. R.

PUBLIC AUCTION.

PARTICULARS AND CONDITIONS of the letting by Public Auction Sale, to be held on **MONDAY, the 13th day of SEPTEMBER, 1920, at 3 P.M.**, at the Office of the Public Works Department, by Order of His Excellency the Governor, of one Lot of **CROWN LAND** at Bowen Road, in the Colony of Hongkong, for a term of 75 years, with the option of renewal at a Crown Rent to be fixed by the Surveyor of His Majesty the King, for one further term of 75 years.

PARTICULARS OF THE LOT.

No. of the Lot.	Locality.	Boundary Measurements.	Area in Acres.	Area in Sq. Yds.	Annual Rental.	Upd. Price.
1	Bowen Road.	100 ft. by 100 ft.	2.25	9,680	100	1,000
2	Bowen Road.	100 ft. by 100 ft.	2.25	9,680	100	1,000
3	Bowen Road.	100 ft. by 100 ft.	2.25	9,680	100	1,000
4	Bowen Road.	100 ft. by 100 ft.	2.25	9,680	100	1,000
5	Bowen Road.	100 ft. by 100 ft.	2.25	9,680	100	1,000
6	Bowen Road.	100 ft. by 100 ft.	2.25	9,680	100	1,000
7	Bowen Road.	100 ft. by 100 ft.	2.25	9,680	100	1,000
8	Bowen Road.	100 ft. by 100 ft.	2.25	9,680	100	1,000
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4	Bowen Road.	100 ft. by 100 ft.	2.25	9,680	100	1,000
5	Bowen Road.	100 ft. by 100 ft.	2.25	9,680	100	1,000
6	Bowen Road.	100 ft. by 100 ft.	2.25	9,680	100	1,000
7	Bowen Road.	100 ft. by 100 ft.	2.25	9,680	100	1,000
8	Bowen Road.	100 ft. by 100 ft.	2.25	9,680	100	1,000
9	Bowen Road.	100 ft. by 100 ft.	2.25	9,680	100	1,000
10	Bowen Road.	100 ft. by 100 ft.	2.25	9,680	100	1,000

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

THE P. & O. S. N. Co.'s Steamer "NANKIN" Arrived Hongkong, on Sept. 9th, 1920. From ANTWERP, LONDON, GIBRALTAR, MARSEILLES, PORT SAID, ADEN, BOMBAY, COLOMBO AND STRAITS.

Consignees of Cargo by the above-named vessel are hereby informed, that their goods are being landed and placed at their risk in the Hongkong and Kowloon Wharf and Godown Company's Godowns at Kowloon, where each Consignment will be sorted out Mark by Mark and delivery can be obtained as the Goods are landed.

This vessel brings on Cargo:—From Persian Gulf ex B. I. S. N. and B. & P. S. N. Co.'s Steamers.

Optional Goods will be landed here unless instructions have been given to the contrary six hours before arrival of the Steamer.

Goods not cleared within 8 days, including date of arrival, will be subject to rent.

No Fire Insurance will be effected by us in any case whatever.

Damaged packages must be left in the Godowns for examination by the Consignees, and the Company's Surveyors, Messrs. GORDON & DONALD, at 10 A.M. on MONDAYS and TUESDAYS.

All Claims must be presented within ten days of the Steamer's arrival here after which date they cannot be recognized.

No Claims will be admitted after the Goods have left the Godown.

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & CO. Agents, Hongkong, September 9th, 1920. [1461]

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

ST. STEPHEN'S COLLEGE.

REOPENS MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 13th. Entrance Examination September 11th. Hongkong, September 9th, 1920. [1462]

PUBLIC AUCTION.

VALUABLE LEASEHOLD PROPERTY Situate at Kowloon in the Colony of Hongkong.

To be sold in pursuance of an Order of the Supreme Court of Hongkong made in Action No. 99, of 1920, Original Jurisdiction Between The Bank of Canton Limited, Plaintiffs and Samuel Ebenszer Green trading as Banker & Co. Defendant.

On **MONDAY, the 27th day of September, 1920, at 3 o'clock** in the afternoon by

Messrs. **LAMBERT BROS.** Auctioneers at their Auction Room Duddell Street, Victoria, Hongkong.

The property consists of—**ALL THAT piece or parcel of ground situate in the Dependency of Kowloon and Colony of Hongkong and known and registered in the Land Office as Section E of Kowloon Island Lot No. 410, together with the messuage erected thereon known as No. 18, Hankow Road, Kowloon.** Term 75 years from 24th, June 1892, created by a Crown Lease dated the 11th November 1892.

Proportion of Annual Crown Rent \$20.12. Area 1,694 Square feet.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to—**Messrs. JOHNSON STOKES & MASTER**, Prince's Building, Lee House Street, Solicitors for the Vendor, or to—**Messrs. LAMBERT BROS.** The Auctioneers, Hongkong, September 10th, 1920. [1463]

NOTICE.

W have this day established ourselves as Consulting Engineers and Surveyors.

BEST & MAY, 13, Chater Road, Hongkong, September 1st, 1920. [1466]

NOTICE.

THE interest and responsibility of Mr. WILLIAM BLAKESTONE HIND as a Partner in this Firm ceased as from the 31st August 1920.

GEO. E. HALL BRUTON & CO. [1465]

NOTICE.

THE interest and responsibility of the undersigned in the business hitherto carried on at No. 34, Queen's Road Central, under the name of A. ABDOLRAHIM as Architect, Surveyor and Civil Engineer, ceased as from the 8th day of September, 1920.

A. ABDOLRAHIM, Hongkong, 8th day of September, 1920. [1464]

NOTICE.

THE business hitherto carried on by Mr. A. ABDOLRAHIM as an Architect, Surveyor and Civil Engineer at No. 34 Queen's Road Central will as from to-day be carried on under the style of ABDOLRAHIM & Co. by the undersigned at the same address.

JOHN MORRIS, WILLIAM HALL, Hongkong, September 8th, 1920. [1464]

NOTICE.

THE GREEN ISLAND CEMENT CO., LTD.

AN INTERIM DIVIDEND of Fifty Cents per Share has been declared for the half-year ending 30th June, 1920.

Such Interim Dividend will be Payable on and after **FRIDAY, 17th SEPTEMBER, 1920**, at the Office of the Company, where Shareholders are requested to apply for Warrants.

THE REGISTER OF SHARES of the Company will be **CLOSED** from 8th to 16th SEPTEMBER, 1920 (both days inclusive) during which period no transfer of Shares can be registered.

By Order of the Board of Directors, **SHEWAN, TOMES & CO.** General Managers, Hongkong, August 31st, 1920. [1419]

NOTICE.

HONGKONG HOTEL COMPANY, LIMITED.

AN INTERIM DIVIDEND of 25 pence per Share has been declared for the half-year ending 30th June, 1920.

Such Interim Dividend will be Payable on and after **TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 14th, 1920**, at the Office of the Company, where Shareholders are requested to apply for Warrants.

THE REGISTER OF SHARES of the Company will be **CLOSED** from 7th to 14th SEPTEMBER, 1920 (both days inclusive) during which period no transfer of Shares can be registered.

By Order of the Board of Directors, **J. H. TAGGART**, Manager, Hongkong, August 31st, 1920. [1461]

PALACE HOTEL, KOWLOON. Corner of Haploing & Hankow Roads Tel. 2, 3.

Two Minutes from Ferry and Railway Station. This Hotel which has just been completely renovated and refurnished is now up-to-date in every respect and under English Management.

Cuisine under personal supervision of the Proprietor.

BAR and BILLIARD ROOMS. TERMS MODERATE.

Special Arrangement—suitable for—**J. H. OXBERRY** Proprietor.

Application to—**J. H. OXBERRY** Proprietor.

PREPAID "WANTED" ADVERTISEMENTS.

ADVERTISEMENTS of the "Wanted" variety will be inserted under the above special heading at a charge of—

\$1.00 FOR THREE INSERTIONS. If they do not exceed 25 words in number and are PREPAID.

An additional charge of 50 cents will be made if the instructions for insertion are not accompanied by cash.

Advertisers requiring their advertisements under this head must give instructions accordingly, otherwise the advertisements will be regarded as intended to be displayed and charged at the usual rates.

Letters are lying at this Office for—**BORNE P. Q. AD. AP. AW.**

WANTED—Position by an EXPERIENCED BOOKKEEPER, employed at present, well conversant in Accounting and General Office Work. A Good References. Moderate Salary expected. Apply—Box No. 1456, Daily Press Office. [1464]

WANTED.—The Hongkong Benevolent Society will be very grateful for any gift of old clothes, especially gentlemen's clothing. [1461]

NOTICE.

THE DAIRY FARM, ICE & COLD STORAGE CO., LTD.

NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS.

THE TWENTY-FOURTH ORDINARY ANNUAL MEETING of Shareholders in the above Company will be held at the Company's Town Office, 2, Lower Albert Road, Hongkong, on **TUESDAY, the 21st day of SEPTEMBER, 1920, at 12.30 o'clock** in the afternoon for the purpose of presenting the Report of the Directors and Statement of Accounts to 31st July 1920.

The **TRANSFER BOOKS** of the Company will be **CLOSED** from 7th to 21st September, 1920, both days inclusive.

By Order, **M. MANUK, Secretary**, Hongkong, September 1st, 1920. [1461]

DOUGLAS STEAMSHIP COMPANY, LIMITED.

THE ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the above Company will be held at the Company's Office at Noon on **SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 12th, 1920.**

The **TRANSFER BOOKS** of the Company will be **CLOSED** from the 17th to 25th September, both days inclusive.

DOUGLAS LARRAIK & CO., General Managers, Hongkong, September 9th, 1920. [1462]

UNION INSURANCE SOCIETY OF CANTON, LIMITED.

THE CERTIFICATE No. 1004 for one silver share No. 100 now converted into 5 gold shares in this Society, standing in the name of **GEORGE BRETTON ALEXANDER** of Alexandria has been **LOST**, and if at the expiration of one month from the date hereof the above document be not forthcoming the said certificate will be deemed cancelled and of no effect, and a certificate for the 5 gold shares will be issued in its stead by the Society.

PAUL LAUDER, General Manager, Hongkong, August 14th, 1920. [1334]

WANTED.

WANTED position by an experienced Export man who is also well acquainted with Pisco and General Import. Able to correspond in the most important commercial languages. Perfect knowledge of Chinese. Can bring good foreign connections. No objection to outposts.

Apply—Box 1555, Care of "Daily Press" Office. [1458]

TO LET.

TWO STORED HOUSE (4 large and 2 small Rooms, Kitchen, servants quarters, etc.) in Kowloon. Available from 1st November next.

Apply by letter to **BRETHERTON & SWINE**. [1461]

FOR SALE.

LAND at Kowloon, about 16,545 square feet, in a very desirable position for European dwellings.

For full particulars apply to—**LINSTRAD & DAVIS**, Alexander Buildings, Hongkong. [1386]

BRITISH CONCESSION, SHAMSHU-OANTON.

FOR SALE Lot No. 92, immediately behind the Russian Consulate, with an area of 12,545 square feet, measuring 80 x 104 feet, frontage to creek which is adjacent to Western Rail leading to Coast Road, Shamsu Railway and Grand Trunk Line to Hsinow, now in construction.

Apply to—**HERBERT DENT & CO.** [1371]

INTIMATION.

Watson's

PURE CARBOLIC SOAPS

Recommended by the Medical Profession.

SUPPLIED IN THREE STRENGTHS.

5% FOR TOILET USE. Price: \$1.20 per box of 5 tablets.

10% FOR THE BATH. Price: \$1.75 per box of 7 tablets.

20% MEDICAL BATH SOAP. Price: 75 cts. per tablet.

A. S. WATSON & CO., LTD.

THE HONGKONG DISPENSARY.

TELEPHONE 16.

BIRTHS.

HIGGINS—At the French Convent Hospital, on September 3rd, 1920, to Mr. and Mrs. L. D. HIGGINS, a daughter. [1465]

HILSONS—At Shanghai, on September 2nd, to Mr. and Mrs. P. H. HILSONS, a son. [1465]

MALCOLM—At Shanghai, on August 31st, the wife of **ALLAN S. MALCOLM**, a son. [1465]

MARRIAGES.

COVETTER-ARTHUR—At Llandaff Cathedral, Wales, on September 2nd, **ARTHUR COVETTER**, son of Sir JOHN and Lady COURTIS, Fairwater Croft, Llandaff, Wales, to **MADGE MARIN**, daughter of the late J. D. and Mrs. ARTHUR, Shanghai. [1465]

EVANS-MOLLOHAN—At Idylwyld, Ontario, Canada, on July 25th, **JEAN**, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. WILLIAM MOLLOHAN, to **EDWARD EVANS**, Junr., of Shanghai. [1465]

DEATHS.

BAIN—At Wimereux, France, on July 20th, **ALLAN W. BAIN**, late of Amoy and Formosa. [1465]

BARNARD—At Shanghai, on September 2nd, **ERNEST A. BARNARD** of the Shanghai Land Investment Co., Ltd., aged 43 years. [1465]

CLARE—At Shanghai, on September 2nd, **MORTIMER O. CLARE, M.A.**, Trinity College, Dublin, and Head Master of the Jewish School, Shanghai, aged 54 years. [1465]

RIGGS—At Shanghai, on September 2nd, **GERALDINE RIGGS**, the dearly beloved child of Mr. and Mrs. D. S. RIGGS, aged 21 months. [1465]

HONGKONG OFFICE: 10A, Des Voeux Rd., O. **LONDON OFFICE:** 121, FLEET STREET, E.C.

The Daily Press.

HONGKONG, SEPTEMBER 10TH, 1920.

CROWN COLONIES AND THE WAR DEBT.

WHAT has become of the Committee appointed by the Government eight or nine months ago to study and report upon the Economic Resources of the Colony? It is a Colony of the size of Hongkong the field of inquiry cannot be so vast as to require many weeks of investigation, but nearly eight months have passed without the issue of even a preliminary report. Reports have been called for by the Secretary of State from all the British Colonies. We do not know what the result has been elsewhere, but apparently few have yet responded to the

call. This tardiness may be due to a measure of certain considerations which appear to have inspired the call for the information, for it would seem that the object originally in view was to discover new sources of wealth "from which the crushing burden of the war debt could be paid off." Sir FREDERICK LOGARD, not many years ago Governor of Hongkong, has an article in the current number of *The Nineteenth Century* and after on the subject of "The Crown Colonies and the British War Debt" in which this proposal is discussed and criticised. At the end of 1918 a Committee was appointed, under the Chairmanship of the late Sir STUART JAMESON, with the object of formulating plans for the development of the resources of the Empire, having in view the object already mentioned of drawing from the Colonies new wealth to be applied to the reduction of the imperial war debt. We are afraid not much is to be hoped for in this connection from a Colony of which limited resources as Hongkong. In the neighbouring Colony of the Straits Settlements it is possible that the subject may be of more immediate interest and concern. Sir FREDERICK LOGARD recalls that Colonel AMERY promised careful and sympathetic consideration of the request for the appointment of a Select Committee of one or both Houses of Parliament to report on the proposals of Sir STUART JAMESON's Committee and on the general question of whether Government should co-operate in the creation of new wealth and use its power to create it quickly. Sir FREDERICK discusses the desire in some quarters to render a scheme designed with this object applicable to them, and regarding the Crown Colonies particularly, he mentions that it has been somewhat cynically suggested that "we (the Home Government) should take advantage of our position as controlling power to impose upon them conditions which they would not accept if they had power to protest." In this connection, it is recalled that Mr. BIGLAND (late Controller of Fat and Oils) in a paper read some time ago, said: "One of the methods by which the State can derive profits from its tropical estates is to keep in its own hands the power of producing, trading in, and exporting certain special products, and especially products in which either a complete or partial monopoly can be established, such as 'lute' or 'palm kernels.' One of our Straits exampararies expresses the fear that palm kernels may not be the only commodity which might attract the BIGLANDS. The method to be employed, says Sir FREDERICK, is the appointment of a Control Board of business experts with "very handsome inducements by way of percentage of profits, who will select the enterprises in which the State should engage, either on its own account, or in partnership with others. Each enterprise would be managed by a Statutory Company, whose Board would be selected by the Central Development Board. It is to be free of officialdom, with its supercilious indifference to the patent facts of everyday experience—the mere machine whose only boundary is its own importance." It is not, of course, a scheme which meets with Sir FREDERICK LOGARD's approval. Nor apparently does it commend itself to the judgment of the Secretary of State for the Colonies because not long ago in the course of a debate in Parliament on the subject of palm kernel cultivation, Lord MINSTER declared the position of Great Britain to be that of "a trustee for subject races" and that she "did not govern them for her own advantage." And Sir FREDERICK LOGARD reminds us that "The principles laid down by ADAM SMITH exploded the views of our ancestors as to profit making out of the dependent Colonies. The policy of exacting profits from the Colonies lost us our American Colonies and lost Spain her Empire. The trustee policy has been vindicated by the loyalty and help of the Colonies in the war. How could profits now earned by private enterprise be devoted to the British Exchequer without interfering with those private enterprises? There is no 'El Dorado' from which in a few years every penny of the war debt could be paid off." Sir FREDERICK LOGARD sees no violation of the cardinal principles governing the relationship between the British Colonies and the Imperial Government if a Colony "when it has reached a stage of prosperity should be asked to make some contribution from its surplus resources to the Navy." Nor do we, but unfortunately the system on which the Imperial Government levies a military contribution on the Crown Colonies is not based on considerations of "surplus" revenues. For this Colony and we believe for the Crown Colonies generally—the military contribution is 50 per cent. of the whole annual revenue of the Colony. Proceeds were frequently made in pre-war days against the

basis of the levy, but now, having regard to the immense amount of debt with which the Imperial Government has been loaded, no loyal Colony is likely to again cavil at the basis of the levy for many years to come. When, however, it is understood that the larger the revenue a Colony is compelled to raise to meet its own needs, the greater becomes the sum it is required to pay as military contribution to the Imperial Government, it will be recognized that the basis of the levy is indefensible. But when a Colony has been enjoying a period of great prosperity, extending over several years, as this Colony has done, the voice of protest is quieted, and consideration of the immense burdens which the war has placed on the shoulders of the Imperial Government is an additional reason why it should remain quiet. The military contribution from this Colony has shown a steady annual increase. In contributing to the Imperial Treasury in any form we are contributing indirectly to the reduction of the National Debt, but it would be more satisfactory to know that some part of the Colony's constantly growing remittance was definitely earmarked for that purpose.

Mr. and Mrs. C. Montagu Ede are expected to return to the Colony next week.

Two lots of Crown land on Bowen Road are advertised to be let by public auction.

One case of paratyphoid and one case (one death) of cerebro-spinal fever were reported in the Colony on Wednesday.

Announcements of interest to members of the Ladies' Recreation Club and the Ladies' Rifle Club appear among our advertisements to-day.

The Rev. W. E. Southill, M.A., who succeeded the late Prof. Bullock as Professor of Chinese at Oxford, took up his duties shortly after his election to the Chair on July 1st last.

Dr. Luther Freeman, of Pittsburg, formerly connected with Boston University, has been engaged to act as pastor of the American Song Service in Shanghai. He is expected to reach Shanghai, accompanied by his wife and Miss Freeman, about the end of October.

Mr. W. W. Hawling, Ollie, Advance Manager of the Broadway Comedy Co., arrived in the Colony yesterday to make preparations for the visit of the Company, who are expected to arrive on the 17th inst. and to open on the 18th for a season of about two weeks.

An official communiqué by the League of Nations says, China, having become a member of the League of Nations through the coming into effect of the Treaty of St. Germain in July, 1920, has been invited to send delegates to the meeting of the Assembly at Geneva on November 12th.

The Tientsin Rowing Club will hold an autumn regatta this year, if sufficient support is given by the members to the scheme. The Club recently received an invitation from the Shanghai Rowing

MINERS' STRIKE THREAT: MORE HOPEFUL OUTLOOK

GREAT BRITAIN'S TRADE REMARKABLE REDUCTION IN ADVERSE BALANCE

CASE OF LORD MAYOR OF CORK: PRIME MINISTER EXPLAINS GOVERNMENT'S ATTITUDE

LATEST CABLES.

[THROUGH BRITISH AGENTS.]

MINERS' STRIKE MENACE. PROSPECT OF SETTLEMENT OF DISPUTE.

LONDON, September 9th. Mr. Smillie stated that the miners' Executive were meeting this morning to consider Sir Robert Horne's proposal. Meanwhile, it is anticipated that the invitation will be accepted, but it may be pointed out that the proposed conference does not entail a pledge, on either side. Meanwhile, the Government's attitude is apparently clear: it is willing to have the miners' wages determined by an impartial tribunal, but refuses the demand for the reduction by 1s. 6d. a ton of the price of coal, because the latter is a political, not an industrial, question.

It now seems in view of Sir Robert Horne's invitation to a conference that, despite Mr. Smillie's objection to the Industrial Court, there would be no great difficulty in agreeing to the personnel of the wages tribunal having confidence of both parties.

NATIONAL CONFERENCE OF MINERS CALLED.

LONDON, September 9th. A feeling of optimism prevails in Labour circles to-day as a result of the miners' decision to accept Sir Robert Horne's invitation to meet him to discuss matters. It is believed that once both sides are again in touch there is every hope of the terrible calamity of the strike being averted. There is no intention at present that Lloyd George should see the miners' Executive tomorrow, though he may do so later, if there is a desire to submit any point to him.

A National Conference of Miners has been called for tomorrow night to hear the report on the Executive's meeting with Sir Robert Horne, and it is in this conference which decides whether the miners are to remain adamant in their demands or whether they are to accept a compromise.

-EARLIER CABLES-

WAITING FOR TRIPLE ALLIANCE MOVE.

LONDON, September 9th. The Trades Union Congress continued its meeting to-day, but again maintained complete silence on the vital question of the hour and confined itself to discussing minor matters, such as the Unemployment Act, the election of a Parliamentary Committee and the ban on the Russian Trade Union delegation which the Government is not allowing to land in England. This aroused the fury of Mr. Williams, Secretary of the Congress, who demanded that the Council of Action should get busy and compel the Government to admit the delegation. The Congress, however, refused to take the matter further and referred it to a committee for further consideration.

The Congress adopted unanimously a resolution by Mr. J. R. Clynes, in favour of a levy on war wealth and capital. Although there is no apparent recognition by the Congress that a coal crisis even exists, Labour leaders at Portsmouth have not been inactive, and unofficially they are busy exploring avenues of peace. It is now considered possible that the Congress will not at present make any official act of intervention, but will leave definite mediation moves to the Triple Alliance, which may not act until the last moment.

The Government's standpoint still is that so long as the miners' leaders maintain an attitude that their two demands are one and indivisible, there is little hope of a peaceful issue or even of the beginning of negotiations.

A HOPEFUL OUTLOOK.

LONDON, September 9th. The coal strike situation has assumed a somewhat brighter outlook as the result of a telegram from Sir Robert Horne to Mr. Smillie to-night, saying that in order to avoid any misunderstandings regarding the Government's attitude the Miners' Federation should point of view, Mr. Smillie will bring his Executive to the Board of Trade on September 9th to discuss the present situation. Mr. Smillie has not yet replied.

MINERS TO MEET GOVERNMENT.

LONDON, September 9th. At the Trades Union Congress it was announced that the Miners' Federation had decided to meet the Government tomorrow.

BOLSHEVIST DEMONSTRATIONS - ORGANISED.

LONDON, September 9th. It is reported that Labour demonstrations of a Bolshevik nature have been planned in nearly all European countries for September 25th. If the British miners actually strike then, the demonstrations will include one-day general strikes, demanding recognition of the Soviets. Furthermore, a fresh series of armed outbreaks in Ireland will be launched simultaneously.

ATTITUDE OF TRADE UNION CONGRESS.

LONDON, September 9th.

On the Trades Union Congress meeting to-day Mr. J. H. Thomas, M.P., made a statement on the miners' trouble. He denied that the Congress was afraid to raise the issue for fear of the miners' power. The Miners' Federation raised no objection to the Parliamentary Committee bringing up the question at the Congress for the benefit of the public as a whole. "It was assumed," continued Mr. Thomas, "in some quarters that the miners were especially anxious for a stoppage, but my answer on behalf of every member and Union official is that a stoppage of the mines is the last thing we desire. No one realises the consequences of a stoppage more than the miners themselves, and no one realises the public issues involved more than the miners, but the Parliamentary Committee is composed of men who had to conduct trade disputes and were more concerned in adopting an attitude that might help peace rather than to embitter controversy by any statements they might make. Our action has been abundantly justified by the invitation which the Government has sent to the Miners' Executive."

The Congress unanimously passed a resolution declaring that the claims of the miners are reasonable and just and should be conceded immediately.

-LATEST CABLES-

UNEMPLOYED - EX-SERVICE MEN.

LONDON, September 9th.

Mr. Macnamara, miners and labour representatives were present at a conference at Mansion House of the Mayor and the Chairman of the District Council in the London area, and Home Counties on behalf of Earl Haig's appeal to provide employment for ex-service men.

Mr. Macnamara, in the course of his speech, said that 5,000 soldiers and 30,000 officers had been absorbed in civil life, but there still remained on the registers 14,300 men, of whom 18,300 were disabled men and 14,300 ex-officers, for whom billets must be found. "We are approaching the final stage of our endeavour, but the realisation of all our hopes depends on the absence of a serious dislocation in the industrial field, and if the coal strike takes place, we can put up shutters."

Mr. Macnamara did not believe that the men who tunnelled the strongest enemy positions were going to deal the land they fought for, blood for, and their old comrades in arms this most calamitous blow. Mr. Macnamara denied that the Government was not doing its duty by the ex-service men, and pointed out that the Government was employing 124,436 ex-service men out of a total of 308,038. It was also employing 37,253 disabled ex-service men or 10 per cent. of its entire service. Mr. Macnamara concluded by appealing to every town and county to make it a point of honour that there were no unemployed disabled men within their gates, and expressed the hope that there would not be many unemployed disabled men by the end of the present year.

UNITED KINGDOM TRADE. DECLINE IN PRICES SAID TO HAVE BEGUN.

LONDON, September 9th.

There was a remarkable shrinkage in the adverse balance of trade in July.

Whereas the imports in July last year exceeded the exports by £76,000,000, the difference last July was only £38,000,000. The great change was due to the enormous increase in exports (imports went up £16,000,000 between the period mentioned) and to a substantial drop in the imports of raw material, which indicate a decline in new business.

The coal production from January to August 7th was 142,000,000 tons which is equivalent to an annual reduction of a million tons on 1913 when there were 10,000 fewer miners.

The wages in the index trades were 191 per cent. higher in July than in June before the war. The working hours of our half a million persons were reduced since January 1st on an average of four hours weekly. It is reported that the wholesale price of some commodities, in July, declined substantially. The effect on the retail price is said to be showing itself but is not yet observable by the public generally.

ANGLO-FRENCH LOAN. FRANCE PREPARED TO PAY.

PARIS, September 9th.

A Havre message says: Through shipping gold purchases of drafts and credit operation in New York the French Treasury has already provided fully for the payment on October 15th next, of \$250,000,000 gold representing France's share of the Anglo-French Loan floated in United States in 1915.

TROUBLED IRELAND. BELFAST SETTLING DOWN.

LONDON, September 7th.

Belfast is settling down after the recent serious disturbances, and work is being resumed.

It was stated that the inquest of some rioters, to-day, that thirty-one lives altogether were lost. A million pounds worth of claims for compensation have already been lodged.

MR. LLOYD GEORGE EXPLAINS GOVERNMENT'S ATTITUDE.

LONDON, September 8th.

While some quarters publish denials concerning Mr. Lloyd George's conditional offer of release to Mr. MacSwiney, some leading journals, this morning, repeat and amplify the declaration.

In the course of a statement in the special train to Bristol, Mr. Lloyd George, the Premier, pointed out that Mr. MacSwiney was undoubtedly concerned in a conspiracy against the Government which resulted in the murder of eighty-five brave and devoted men and the shooting of 178 others. He differentiated between Sinn Féin which was not a criminal organisation and the so-called Republican Army which was striving to dismember the Empire.

The Government had either got to protect its forces in Ireland or to withdraw them. The Police Force in Ireland was being recruited from the finest type of ex-service men who were enlisting in very substantial numbers, and the Government must support them fully. The policy of leniency had already been tried three times. Large numbers of prisoners had been released unconditionally, after the Easter rebellion, and twice since the same thing had been done. But the very men released immediately engaged in fresh conspiracies and recommenced to murder the police in Ireland.

Mr. Lloyd George, in the strongest manner, emphasised that the Republican Army was engaged in a mean and murderous warfare upon British forces and was seeking, by carefully planned anarchy and murder, to bring about the secession of Ireland from the Empire. People throughout the world must realise that the British Government was face to face with the same problem as Lincoln before the American Civil War, although the Southerners fought openly and clearly for secession, while the Irish sought it by murder. If the Republican Army conspiracy in which Mr. MacSwiney was involved had existed in war-time, it probably would have been impossible to suppress the submarine menace, with the result that the Empire would have been destroyed.

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POLAND ACCUSES LITHUANIANS.

LONDON, September 9th.

The Polish Government in a Note to the Allies and the League of Nations, declares that the Lithuanians violated neutrality by allowing Soviet troops to use Lithuanian territory. Lithuanian troops occupied the Suwalki district which the Supreme Council has allotted to Poland. Bolshevik troops are co-operating with Lithuanian and Bolshevik concentration is proceeding in Lithuania. Poland asks the League to adopt all possible means to prevent repetition of such actions.

On the other hand, a Lithuanian official telegram declares the Polish statements, that Bolsheviks are fighting in Lithuania, and that Lithuanians have an understanding with Bolsheviks against the Poles, to be manifestly false.

FRENCH PARADE AT BONN. M. MILLERAND AND MARSHAL ROCH PRESENT.

PARIS, September 7th.

A Havre message says: In Bonn on the Rhine, M. Millerand and Marshal Foch were present to-day at a parade of the French troops of occupation which was watched with much interest by large crowds of almost friendly Rhinelanders.

M. Millerand, afterwards, motored to Coblenz under an escort of American Cavalry.

ELECTRICAL TRADES DISPUTE.

LONDON, September 8th.

The electricians' dispute where a lock-out continues, now threatens to involve London's underground railways, tramways, fighting and other public services.

The London District Committee of the Electrical Trade Union has called a meeting of the shop stewards of these services to consider the national position. Already, extremists are endeavouring to involve the whole metropolitan public services.

EARLIER CABLES.

SITUATION IN MESOPOTAMIA. MR. STRACHAN AND MR. BUCHANAN SAFE.

LONDON, September 9th.

To-night's War Office Mesopotamia communiqué reports that Samawah has been shelled by the 18th pounder lost with the armoured train captured by the Arabs on September 2nd. On the Upper Euphrates the fighting of the 18th pounder has begun on the Bagdad-Falujah line.

The India Office announces that the Civil Commissioner at Baghdad telegraphed on September 7th that a letter has been received from Captain Lloyd at Deliahab, stating that Mr. Strachan and Mrs. Buchanan are safe with him and that he has no news of their personal safety.

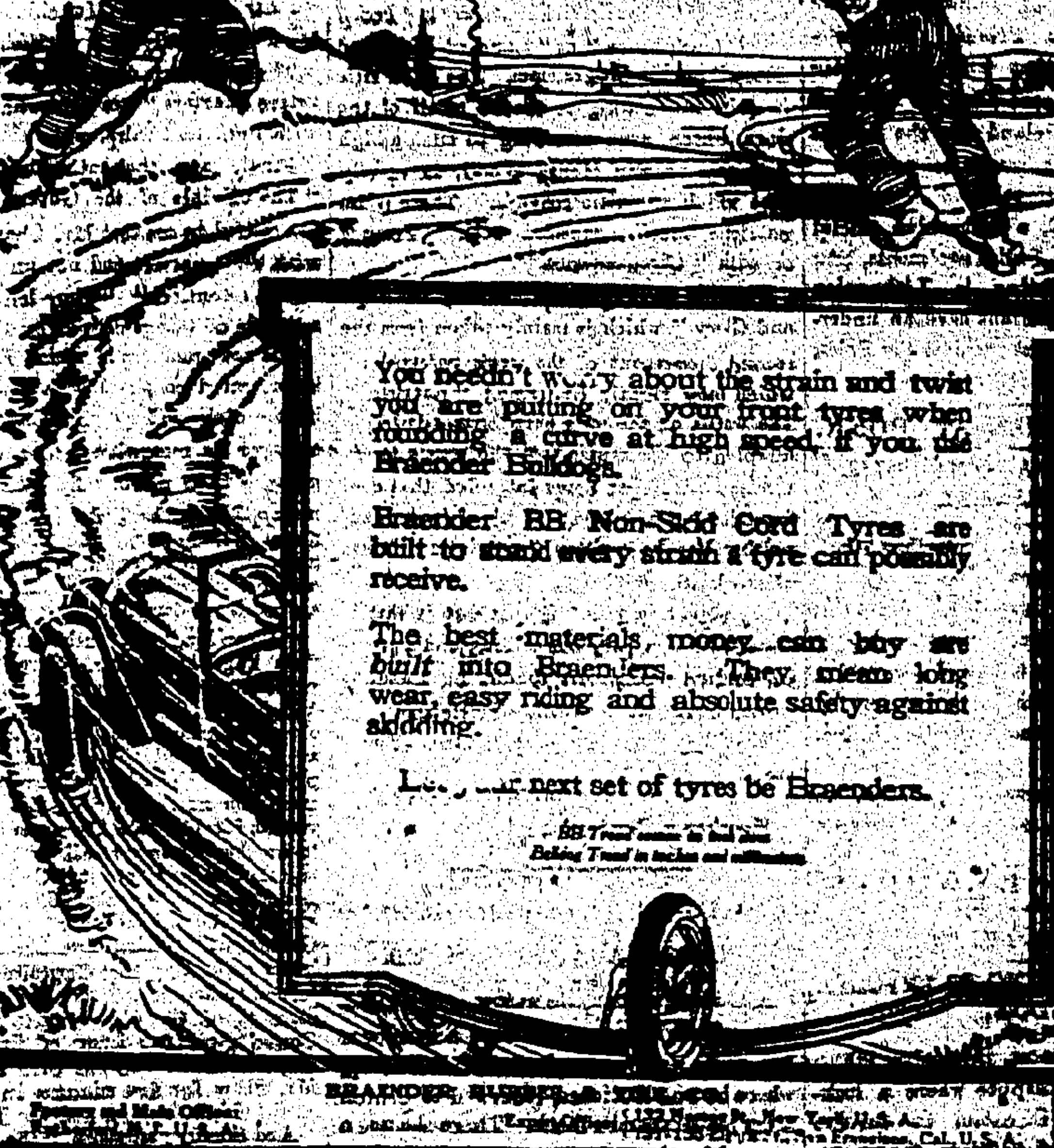
DANGER OF TYPHUS. THE WORLD IN PERIL.

LONDON, September 7th.

The League of Nations, which points out that the appeal for funds to fight typhus is for \$2,000,000 and not \$10,000,000 as cable before, has issued a statement, signed by Mr. Balfour's appeal. It shows that cases of typhus in Poland and Galicia which numbered 34,000 in 1916 are now estimated at 300,000. It dwells on the gravity of the situation, the spread of the epidemic to the rest of the world by recalling that 30,000 people died of typhus in Ireland from 1846 to 1849, and that the mortality in the Rotterdam outbreak last year.

BOXERS' CONTRACTS. MR. COCHRAN FINDS THEM UNRELIABLE.

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BEAUTY'S LONG TRADITION.

HAS LOVELINESS BECOME STANDARDIZED?

Mr. Louis J. McQuillan writes in the *Daily Express*—

"When all the beauty has gone to I cannot think," says Mrs. Alford, in her *making autobiography*. The beauty has not gone; there is so much of it left that one cannot see the wood for the trees. There is a long tradition of English loveliness; but the comets of other years have been replaced by galaxies of stars.

In the past London looked whole rose-bud gardens of girls have blossomed into sight. There is little choice among the likes and the roses; he appears to fly. No queen has.

What holds of the paragon holds also of the middle-class girl and the "working-girl." They have gained in grace of form and animation of complexion. It is quite certain that there are more pretty women in England to-day than there ever were in any past era.

This beauty comes down as an inspiration, an example, from earlier times. London must have been "defiant" in the number of "lovely" women; however, when the Misses Langley of Bath took the town, Richard Brinsley Sheridan was so much enamoured of Elizabeth Langley that he carried her off from Bath in a coach.

THE SISTERS GUNNING.

Then there were the fascinating sisters Gunning, whose charms caused public disturbance. "They can't walk in the Park," said Walpole in 1771, "or go to Vauxhall, but such mobs follow them that they are generally driven away" (the Gunning, one presumes).

The mobs do not lose their heads that way in the present time, except in such a case as that of Mary Pickford, and the commotion in her case was not occasioned by her beauty but her world-wide cinema fame.

There is no scenic curiosity now evinced by the loungers of Rotten Row when Diana Gallops along the tan. No one will write of her as Meredith wrote of a fair unknown—

"She rides in the park on a prancing bay, She and her equines together; Her dark locks nod beneath a bonnet of grey, And lean with the waving feather. Too calmly proud for a glance of pride, Is the beautiful face as it passes; The cockneys nod to each other aside; The coxcombs lift their glasses."

Still a poet like Oliver Goldsmith will fall in love with a "Jenny Hyde" like Mary Pickford, but the latter-day poet will have a much wider field of choice.

NOTORIETY!

When Mrs. Aquilino writes about vanished beauty, it is not, perhaps, thinking of distinction and notoriety, rather than classic perfection and fragrant charm!

Such women as Lady Hamilton and the "Gorgeous Blessington" would have astonished any age, as much because of the same piquante of scandal as of their own claims to the Golden Apple. The beautiful Mrs. Astor, who died by her own hand last July, is another instance of the white light that beats upon a lovely woman who lives dangerously.

If a woman has good looks and wit, she will always arouse interest. In the eighties of last century Georgiana Countess of Dudley had a great vogue. The fashionable actress has been an outstanding figure of the past. Mrs. Langtry and Mrs. Brown Potter created a wonderful sensation. A more respectful homage was given to Miss Mary Anderson, whom the world has known for a good many years past as Mme. de Navarro. There are so many pretty actresses to-day that it is difficult to make a selection.

The great and delightful fact remains that English beauty has ceased to be exceptional and become general.

SAMPLES OF SWEARING.

Americans as a nation may be said not to swear, though they have invented more amusing "swear words" than any other people. The Japanese swear, not at all. Thomas Atkins, like his great-grandfather, "swore terribly in Flanders," but with a certain monotony. The Spaniards have the reputation of swearing with richness and audacity unknown to other nations. Here is a transcript, suitably edited on account of the heat of the observations of a Nubian captain of the Nile to his large crew—

"Bend to your ears, work, work my sons. Show your strength, ye children and grandchildren of heroes! display your powers, ye brave! exert your strength ye sturdy, do honour to the Prophet, all ye faithful! Oh! for the meritorious! Oh! for the scented musk of Dongola!—Oh! for the delights of Cairo! all shall be yours! Lashard, I say, ye dogs, ye children of dogs, ye grandchildren and great-grandchildren and litter of dogs, ye Christians, ye heathens, ye Jews, ye Kafirs, ye fire-bringers! I say, ye rascals, ye wild-ones, ye thieves, ye rogues, ye rascals, ye rascals, do you all this, saying! First, our, Lashard, say there women hanging about you! Third, our, Lashard, throw overboard the wedding that, are misleading you. That's right, well done, bravo, ye strong, supple, clever youths! God bless you, brave fellows, and give your fathers joy and your children life! Lashard, better, better, better, ye dogs, ye Christians, ye heathens, ye Jews, ye Kafirs, ye fire-bringers! I say, ye rascals, ye wild-ones, ye thieves, ye rogues, ye rascals, ye rascals, do you all this, saying! 'O Mohammed!'"

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Under the gums is the important foundation—the bony root sockets which hold the teeth in place.

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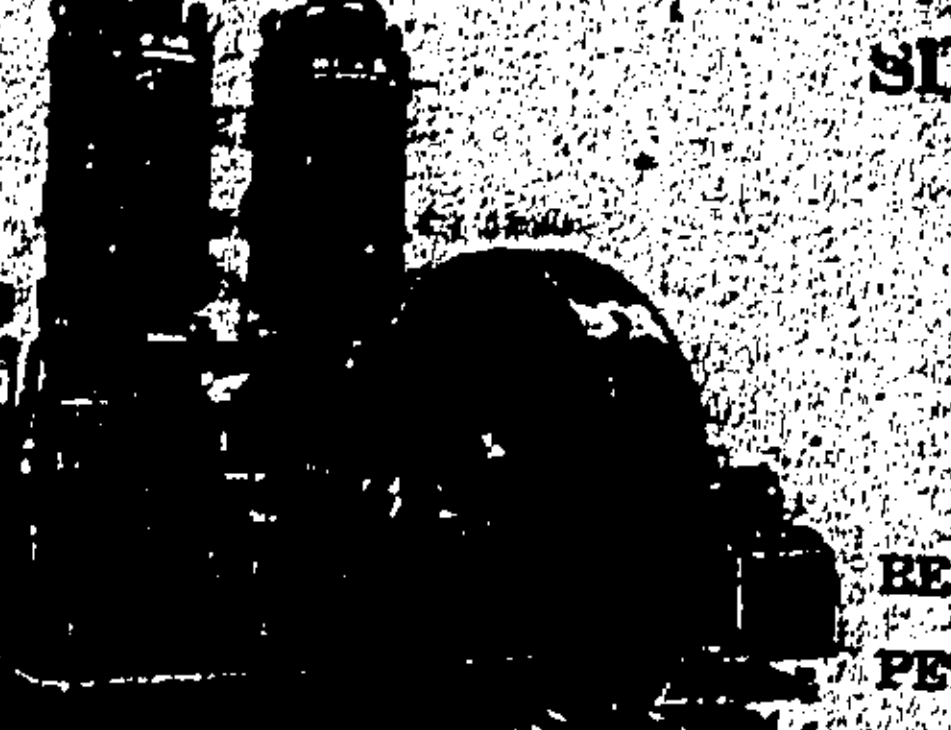
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S.S. "RIOJUN MARU" sailing on or about 14th Sept.

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S.S. "BORNEO MARU" sailing on or about 16th Sept.
S.S. "SAMARANG MARU" sailing on or about 10th Oct.

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FUSHIMI MARU (omitting Manila & Keelung) Saturday, 11th Sept., at 11 a.m.
KATORI MARU Thursday, 30th Sept., at 11 a.m.
TATSUMI MARU Friday, 8th Oct., at 11 a.m.

LONDON & ANTWERP via Singapore, Penang, Colombo, Suez
Port Said and Marseilles.

KAGA MARU Friday, 10th Sept., at 11 a.m.
YOKOHAMA MARU Monday, 20th Sept., at Noon.
TAMBA MARU Friday, 1st Oct., at Noon.

HAMBURG, LONDON & ANTWERP

LIVERPOOL & MARSEILLES via Singapore, Colombo, Suez and
Port Said.

TOTTORI MARU Tuesday, 28th Sept.

MELBOURNE & SYDNEY via Manila, Zamboanga, Thursday
Island, Townsville & Brisbane.

TANGO MARU Wednesday, 23rd Sept., at 11 a.m.
NIKKO MARU Wednesday, 23rd Oct., at 11 a.m.

NEW YORK.

SOUTH AMERICAN PORTS via CAPE.

BOMBAY & COLOMBO via Singapore. Thursday, 16th September.

TAJAN MARU Beginning of October.
YETORU MARU

COLOMBO & BANGKOK via Singapore & Penang.

JAPAN PORTS—Nagasaki, Kobe & Yokohama.

NIKKO MARU Saturday, 18th Sept., at 11 a.m.
AKI MARU Saturday, 18th Oct., at 11 a.m.

SHANGHAI, KOBE & YOKOHAMA.

SADJ MARU Friday, 17th Sept., at 11 a.m.
SHIYU MARU Monday, 20th September.
KIYANO MARU Thursday, 30th Sept., at 11 a.m.

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EUROPEAN COMMUNICATIONS

SUGGESTED IMPROVEMENTS

At the instance of the Communications Section of the Supreme Economic Council a conference has just been held of postal, telegraph, radio-telegraph, and railway experts of various European countries for the purpose of improving communications as a help in the economic reconstruction of Europe.

Brigadier-General H. O. Manor, C.B., C.M.G., D.S.O., chairman of the Supreme Economic Council, presided over the first meeting of the conference, which was held at the Ministry of Public Works in Paris, on July 7th. Twenty-two countries were represented. The conference appointed three sub-committees, the first to consider postal and railway communications, the second to deal with telegraph matters, and the third with radio-telegraphic questions.

The first committee agreed upon various measures for increasing, accelerating, and simplifying the present restricted international train service in Europe, especially as regards the services between the Balkan States and the rest of Europe. A material acceleration of the mail service between Great Britain and Greece and Poland has already been effected; the service to Constantinople will be greatly improved at an early date, and it is hoped that before long the whole of the main line between England and the Balkan States, much of which has at present to be sent by sea, will be despatched by overland express. The parcel post service will benefit substantially as a result of the conference.

The representatives of Belgium and Switzerland were able to announce that their Governments have reduced to a minimum the Customs and other formalities to which passengers travelling by train are subjected at their frontiers, and hopes were expressed that other Governments would take similar measures.

The Telegraph Sub-committee was mainly concerned in determining what additional lines (whether in existence before the war or not) were required to provide adequate communication with and between the countries of Central Europe. A list of additional international telegraph lines was agreed upon, and agreement was also reached as to the degree of urgency attaching to each of them. These arrangements should result in a considerable improvement in the telegraph service between the countries of Western Europe on the one hand and those of Central and South-eastern Europe on the other.

The Radio-telegraph Sub-committee considered the facilities available for wireless communication between the countries of Europe, and the possibility of increasing them. They also considered certain suggested alterations in the international regulations governing wireless communication.

The sub-committee expressed the opinion that, within the limits of Europe, radio-telegraphy should be regarded as an extension of the ordinary telegraph system, and used interchangeably with that system according to the needs of the moment, and at the same rates, the senders of individual telegrams being given the option of objecting to this course by marking their telegrams "Radio-telegraph". (The instance of the British telegraph, however, the right was reserved to any two countries to make other arrangements in regard to wireless communication between themselves, when this could be done without affecting the interests of other administrations.)

There was general agreement that much good had resulted from the meetings of the various experts concerned, and as the final meeting of the conference a resolution was adopted declaring that further conferences of the kind were desirable, and asking the Organisation of Communications and Transit of the Society of Nations to undertake to convene similar conferences in future.

WHERE STRIKES ARE ILLEGAL.

RUSSIAN SOVIET METHOD

At the conference of the National Federation of Women Workers at Stamford, a resolution was carried declaring it to be the duty of the Government to secure to Russia a full recognition of the Soviet Government and removal of all restrictions upon the interchange of trade with that Government.

Miss Margaret Bondfield, chief assistant secretary of the federation, who has recently returned from Russia, said that in that country people were ordered to become co-operators and trade unions. Trades unions were practically a State department, and strikes were illegal, because they would be against the community and not against the employer. There were no private employers left. There were, however, strikes. One occurred on a railway, and the superintendent and a chief engineer were sent to prison because they did not find out the source of unrest and prevent it. The time they spent in prison was deducted from their holidays. (Laughter.) The class of Russian women who formerly had servants to wait upon them, were now expected to take their share of work. People were compulsorily bashed if they would not have a bath of their own accord. (Laughter.)

There have, Miss Bondfield said, been a number of scandals started in this country about the practices of the Bolsheviks regarding marriage. Those we found to be absolutely without foundation. What has happened was that large numbers of people were living together, and among them there was no record of marriage, because there has only been a religious ceremony, so the authorities added to the form of Church marriage the institution of civil marriage. They have entirely abolished any distinction between legitimate and illegitimate children. (Cheers.) I want to say most emphatically that while I do not think there is anything in Russia to-day which can materially help us, nevertheless, if I were a Russian, I would support the existing Government, as the only possible Government. (Cheers.) The position in Russia was created by capitalism, but the people are building up out of chaos a system which I believe will make one of the greatest States in the world. (Cheers.)

Miss Adams (Gloucester) said Britain was responsible for half the deaths in Russia by the blockade.

INTIMATIONS

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SAILINGS SUBJECT TO ALTERATION

MANILA ... Fri. 10th Sept. 1 p.m.
SANDAKAN ... Fri. 10th Sept. 3 p.m.
STRANES & CALCUTTA ... Sat. 11th Sept. 3 p.m.
KORE ... Mon. 13th Sept. 3 p.m.
SHANGHAI ... Tues. 14th Sept. 11 p.m.
SHANGHAI ... Tues. 14th Sept. 11 p.m.
SHANGHAI ... Tues. 14th Sept. 11 p.m.
SHANGHAI ... Tues. 14th Sept. 11 p.m.
SHANGHAI ... Tues. 14th Sept. 11 p.m.

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"GLENIFFER" ... 2nd Oct.

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Vessel ... Leaves Hongkong ... Discharge
M.V. "GLENARIFF" ... about 24th Sept. ... GLENAR, LONDON & ROTTERDAM.
"GLENARVONSHIRE" ... 10th Oct. ... GLENAR & LONDON.
"PEMBROKESHIRE" ... 17th Oct. ... GLENAR & LONDON.

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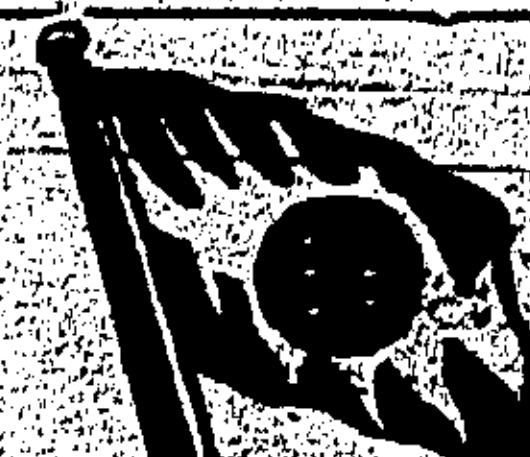
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		THE PASSENGER ARRIVAL TO	TO THE DEPARTURES
Birmingham City	Brit.	The Bank Line, Ltd.	On 16th inst.
Edinburgh Castle	Brit.	Doddwell & Co. Ltd.	On 14th inst.
Honolulu Maru	Jap.	Ozaka Shosen Kaisha	On 20th inst.
Celtic Prince	Jap.	Shewan, Tomes, & Co.	Early Oct.
General Church	Brit.	The Bank Line, Limited	On 10th Nov.
Perisa Maru	Jap.	Tokyo Kisen Kaisha	On 17th inst.
China Maru	Am.	China Mail S.S. Co. Ltd.	On 24th inst.
Korea Maru	Am.	Tokyo Kisen Kaisha	On 20th inst.
Nanking	Am.	China Mail S.S. Co. Ltd.	On 24th Oct.
Fushimi Maru	Jap.	Nippon Yusen Kaisha	On 21st inst., at 11 A.
Crosskeys	Am.	The Admiral Line Pacific S.S. Co.	About 15th inst.
West Ivan	Am.	Frank Waterhouse & Co.	About 25th inst.
Montardo	Am.	The Admiral Line Pacific S.S. Co.	About 15th inst.
Empress of Japan	Brit.	Canadian Pacific O.S. Ltd.	On 14th inst.
Montpelier	Brit.	Canadian Pacific O.S. Ltd.	On 26th Oct.
Alma Maru	Brit.	Ozaka Shosen Kaisha	On 27th inst.
Tyndaris	Brit.	Butterfield & Swire	On 11th inst.
Andre Labon	Frenc	Messageries Maritimes	About 12th inst.
Ceyroye	Brit.	P. & O. B. L. & A. L.	About 12th inst.
Keryphus	Brit.	Butterfield & Swire	Cn. 15th Oct.
Tottori Maru	Jap.	Nippon Yusen Kaisha	On 18th inst.
Cyrops	Brit.	Butterfield & Swire	On 13th inst.
Glenscliffe	Brit.	Jardine, Matheson & Co. Ltd.	About 24th inst.
Alma Maru	Jap.	Ozaka Shosen Kaisha	On 7th inst.
Geonema	Brit.	Butterfield & Swire	On 31st Oct.
Eggs Maru	Brit.	Butterfield & Swire	On 11th inst., at 10 A.
Adollis	Brit.	Butterfield & Swire	On 11th inst.
Swazi	Brit.	The Bank Line, Ltd.	On 18th inst.
Fobs	Brit.	Butterfield & Swire	On 14th inst.
Indus Maru	Jap.	Ozaka Shosen Kaisha	On 11th inst.
Dilwara	Brit.	P. & O. B. L. & A. L.	About 12th inst.
Naima Maru	Jap.	Nippon Yusen Kaisha	On 16th inst.
Namang	Dut.	Jardine, Matheson & Co. Ltd.	On 11th inst., at 3 P.M.
Van Waerwyck	Brit.	Japan-China-Japan-Lijn	On 25th inst.
Hungaria	Brit.	Doddwell & Co. Ltd.	About 1st Oct.
Himsang	Brit.	Jardine, Matheson & Co. Ltd.	On 10th inst., at 3 P.M.
Tanda	Brit.	P. & O. B. L. & A. L.	About 24th inst.
Vinita	Am.	Los Angeles Pacific Nav. Co.	On 13th inst.
Hwah Ping	Chi.	The China & Australia S.S. Co.	On 13th inst.
Tango Maru	Jap.	Nippon Yusen Kaisha	On 22nd inst., at 11 A.
Banwana	Brit.	P. & O. B. L. & A. L.	About 25th inst.
Amangahi	Brit.	Butterfield & Swire	Cn. 1st Oct.
Kumagiri Maru	Jap.	Ozaka Shosen Kaisha	On 27th inst.
Canada Maru	Jap.	Ozaka Shosen Kaisha	On 27th inst.
Seiyo Maru	Jap.	Tokyo Kisen Kaisha	On 28th Nov.
Chakrang	Brit.	Jardine, Matheson & Co. Ltd.	On 13th inst., at 3 P.M.
Timanook	Dut.	Java-China-Japan-Lijn	About 18th inst.
Nishin Maru	Brit.	Doddwell & Co. Ltd.	About 14th inst.
Hulchow	Jap.	Nippon Yusen Kaisha	On 18th inst., at 11 A.
Shanghai	Brit.	Butterfield & Swire	On 14th inst., at 3 P.M.
Sunning	Brit.	P. & O. B. L. & A. L.	On 10th inst., at Noon
Chenan	Brit.	Butterfield & Swire	On 15th inst., at D'Light
Hwangang	Brit.	Jardine, Matheson & Co. Ltd.	On 14th inst., at D'Light
Tibodas	Jap.	Java-China-Japan-Lijn	About 14th inst.
Sinkiang	Brit.	Butterfield & Swire	On 18th inst., at Noon
Sado Maru	Jap.	Nippon Yusen Kaisha	On 17th inst., at Noon
Furbus	Jap.	Messageries Maritimes	About 4th Oct.
Swing	Brit.	Doddwell & Co. Ltd.	On 8th Oct.
Hachink	Brit.	Butterfield & Swire	On 14th inst., at 10 A.
Hailoong	Brit.	Doddwell & Co. Ltd.	On 11th inst., at 2 P.M.
Chinsha	Brit.	Drogas-Lapraik & Co.	On 14th inst., at Noon
Haihong	Brit.	Butterfield & Swire	On 14th inst., at 3 P.M.
Lokaang	Brit.	Jardine, Matheson & Co. Ltd.	On 18th inst., at 8 A.M.
Amakusa Maru	Jap.	Ozaka Shosen Kaisha	On 11th inst.
Sohn Maru	Jap.	Ozaka Shosen Kaisha	On 23rd inst.
Takao	Brit.	Jardine, Matheson & Co. Ltd.	On 10th inst., at 2 P.M.
Tileboat	Brit.	Java-China-Japan-Lijn	About 14th inst.
Borneo Maru	Brit.		

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SHANGHAI
SHANGHAI & THINGLOA
SHANGHAI via SWATOW
SHANGHAI
SHANGHAI
SHANGHAI, KORE & YOKOHAMA
SHANGHAI, KORE & YOKOHAMA
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SWATOW, AMOT & FOOCROW
SWATOW, AMOT & FOOCROW
SWATOW & BANGKOK
SWATOW, AMOT & FOOCROW
BATHONG via HIROROW
KEELUNG via SWATOW & AMOT
YAKOW via SWATOW & AMOT
MANILA
JAVA
JAVA

KEELONG via SWATOW & AMOY
TAKAO via SWATOW & AMOY
MANILA
YAN
YAWA

AILINGS

to VANCOUVER

ki (*Moj) Kobe & Yokohama

	Week	Dus
	England	Landover
JAPAN	Sept. 14	Oct. 1
SEA	Sept. 25	Oct. 11
USA	Oct. 21	Nov. 8
USSIA	Oct. 26	Nov. 19
JAPAN	Nov. 9	Nov. 30
SEA	Nov. 18	Dec. 6
USSIA	Dec. 16	Jan. 5
SEA	Dec. 21	Jan. 24
USSIA	Jan. 13	Jan. 31
SEA	Jan. 19	Feb. 9
USSIA	Feb. 10	Feb. 28

re stated, hurried to determine the
mills, started prior to, and as far
the survivors from the Orient
as concerned, as on the
arranged by letter or
French's sailors from
London & Glasgow. Passengers orders
will be issued here.

the information please apply to
KING OFFICE.

REMARKS	FROM	EXPECTED WILL LEAVE		FOR
		ON OR ABOUT	ON OR ABOUT	
TJIBODAS...	JAVA	11th Sept.	16th Sept.	SHANGHAI
TJIMANOEK	JAVA	13th Sept.	18th Sept.	YO KOHAM
TJILEBOET	JAPAN	12th Sept.	14th Sept.	JAVA
BENGKALIS	MANILA	14th Sept.	17th Sept.	JAVA

(*Moj) Kobe & Yokohama		
	Free Hongkong	Dut Panama
JAPAN	Sept. 14	Oct. 11
USSIA	Sept. 25	Oct. 11
USSIA	Oct. 21	Nov. 8
USSIA	Oct. 26	Nov. 19
JAPAN	Nov. 9	Nov. 30
USSIA	Nov. 18	Dec. 6
USSIA	Dec. 16	Jan. 3
USSIA	Dec. 31	Jan. 24
JAPAN	Jan. 18	Jan. 31
JAPAN	Jan. 19	Feb. 9
USSIA	Feb. 10	Feb. 28

The above is returned to determine the
 sailing dates prior to, and so far
 as the departure from the Orient
 is concerned, is so arranged, as on the
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"TOBA"	Sept 13th	ROTTERDAM & HAMBURG	14th Sept
"BAEEN"	October	AMSTERDAM & HAMBURG	8th Oct
"TJIMANOEK"	October	ROTTERDAM & HAMBURG	21st Oct
"KANGAEAN"	November	AMSTERDAM & HAMBURG	22nd Oct
"ALORIBA"	December	ROTTERDAM & HAMBURG	20th Dec
"BORNEO"	January	AMSTERDAM & HAMBURG	21st Jan

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